BART PD Policy Manual

Mental Illness Commitments

418.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for when officers may take a person into custody for psychiatric evaluation and treatment (5150 commitment) (Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150).

418.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Bay Area Rapid Transit Police Department to protect the public and individuals through legal and appropriate use of the 72-hour treatment and evaluation commitment (5150 commitment) process.

418.3 AUTHORITY

An officer having probable cause may take a person into custody and place the person in an approved mental health facility for 72-hour treatment and evaluation when the officer believes that, as a result of a mental disorder, the person is a danger to him/herself or others or the person is gravely disabled (Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150; Welfare and Institutions Code § 5585.50; Welfare and Institutions Code § 5008(h)(1)).

When determining whether to take a person into custody, officers are not limited to determining the person is an imminent danger and shall consider reasonably available information about the historical course of the person's mental disorder, which may include evidence presented from any of the following (Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150; Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150.05; Welfare and Institutions Code § 5008(h)(1)):

- (a) An individual who is providing or has provided mental health treatment or related support services to the person
- (b) A family member
- (c) The person subject to the determination or anyone designated by the person

418.3.1 VOLUNTARY EVALUATION

If an officer encounters an individual who may qualify for a 5150 commitment, he/she may inquire as to whether the person desires to voluntarily be evaluated at an appropriate facility. If the person so desires, the officers should:

- (a) Transport the person to an appropriate facility that is able to conduct the evaluation and admit the person pursuant to a 5150 commitment.
- (b) If at any point the person changes his/her mind regarding voluntary evaluation, officers should proceed with the 5150 commitment, if appropriate.
- (c) Document the circumstances surrounding the individual's desire to pursue voluntary evaluation and/or admission.

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418.3.2 MENTAL HEALTH DOCUMENTATION

The officer will complete an Application For 72-Hour Detention for Evaluation and Treatment form (MH-302) and provide it to the staff member assigned to that patient. The officer will retain a copy of the 72-hour evaluation for inclusion in the case report. The officer shall also provide a verbal summary to an emergency department staff member regarding the circumstances leading to the involuntary detention. The officer will document the incident in on a BART Police report CR-1 form. These reports must be written, submitted and approved by a supervisor prior to the reporting officer(s) going off duty. A self-committal will continue to be classified in Alliance as a "sick person" with the subject being assigned the role of a "sick person."

All 5150 W&I reports which include a criminal hold, including all warrants, will be treated as an "in custody" and classified in the Alliance report writing system as an "arrest," with the subject being assigned the role of an "arrestee." The report, including all supplements, shall be written, submitted and approved by a supervisor prior to the reporting officer(s) going off duty. This shall also apply to arrestees who are transported for medical treatment prior to being booked into a jail facility. These reports cannot be approved by Field Training Officers and must be approved by a supervisor.

When an arrestee is transported from a medical or mental health care facility and booked into a jail, the transporting officer shall complete a supplemental report and send an email to all Detectives and the Detective Sergeant advising them of the booking. The email should include the arrestee's name and case number and be sent as soon as practicable after the transport has been completed.

418.4 CONSIDERATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Any officer handling a call involving an individual who may qualify for a 5150 commitment should consider, as time and circumstances reasonably permit:

- (a) Available information that might assist in determining the cause and nature of the person's action or stated intentions.
- (b) Community or neighborhood mediation services.
- (c) Conflict resolution and de-escalation techniques.
- (d) Community or other resources available to assist in dealing with mental health issues.

While these steps are encouraged, nothing in this section is intended to dissuade officers from taking reasonable action to ensure the safety of the officers and others.

Officers should consider a 5150 commitment over arrest when mental health issues appear to be a mitigating factor for people who are suspected of committing minor crimes or creating other public safety issues.

418.4.1 SECURING OF PROPERTY

When a person is taken into custody for evaluation, or within a reasonable time thereafter, and unless a responsible relative, guardian or conservator is in possession of the person's personal property, the officer shall take reasonable precautions to safeguard the individual's personal

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property in his/her possession or on the premises occupied by the person (Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150).

The officer taking the person into custody shall provide a report to the court that describes the person's property and its disposition in the format provided in Welfare and Institutions Code § 5211, unless a responsible person took possession of the property, in which case the officer shall only include the name of the responsible person and the location of the property (Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150).

418.5 TRANSPORTATION

When transporting any individual for a 5150 commitment, the transporting officershould <u>may</u> have Integrated Security Response Center notify the receiving facility of the estimated time of arrival, the level of cooperation of the individual and whether any special medical care is needed.

Officers may transport individuals in a patrol unit and shall secure them in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. Should the detainee require transport in a medical transport vehicle and the safety of any person, including the detainee, requires the presence of an officer during the transport, Watch Commander approval is required before transport commences.

418.6 TRANSFER TO APPROPRIATE FACILITY

Upon arrival at the facility, the officer will escort the individual into a treatment area designated by a facility staff member. If the individual is not seeking treatment voluntarily, the officer should provide the staff member with the written application for a 5150 commitment and remain present to provide clarification of the grounds for detention, upon request.

Absent exigent circumstances, the transporting officer should not assist facility staff with the admission process, including restraint of the individual. However, if the individual is transported and delivered while restrained, the officer may assist with transferring the individual to facility restraints and will be available to assist during the admission process, if requested. Under normal circumstances, officers will not apply facility-ordered restraints.

418.7 DOCUMENTATION

The officer shall complete an application for a 72-Hour detention for evaluation and treatment, provide it to the facility staff member assigned to that patient and retain a copy of the application for inclusion in the case report.

The application shall include the circumstances for officer involvement; the probable cause to believe the person is, as a result of a mental health disorder, a danger to others or him/herself or gravely disabled; and all information used for the determination of probable cause (Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150; Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150.05; Welfare and Institutions Code § 5008(h)(1)).

The officer should also provide a verbal summary to any evaluating staff member regarding the circumstances leading to the involuntary detention.

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418.7.1 ADVISEMENT

The officer taking a person into custody for evaluation shall advise the person of:

- (a) The officer's name and agency.
- (b) The fact that the person is not under criminal arrest but is being taken for examination by mental health professionals and the mental health staff will advise him/her of their rights.
- (c) The name of the facility to which the person is being taken.
- (d) If the person is being taken into custody at his/her residence, he/she should also be advised that he/she may take a few personal items, which the officer must approve, and may make a telephone call or leave a note indicating where he/she is being taken. The officer should also ask if the person needs assistance turning off any appliance or water.

The advisement shall be given in a language the person understands. If the person cannot understand an oral advisement, the information shall be provided in writing (Welfare and Institutions Code § 5150).

418.8 JUVENILE MENTAL ILLNESS COMMITMENTS

It is the policy of the Police Department to detain dangerous or gravely disabled juveniles due to a mental disorder, or or inebriation, when they are a danger to themselves or others, or when as a result of a mental health disorder, a severe substance use disorder, or a co-occurring mental health disorder and a severe substance use disorder, is unable to provide for their basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, personal safety, or necessary medical care (Welfare and Institutions Code §5008(h)(1)). It is the responsibility of the primary officer to notify the juvenile's parent or guardian of the circumstances regarding the 5150 W&I commitment.

418.8.1 COMMITMENT FACILITIES

Juvenile 5150 W&I committals should be transported to the following facilities via an ambulance, except where ambulance service is not provided for this purpose:

(a) Alameda County

- 1. 11 years old and under: John George Pavilion Psychiatric Hospital, 2000 Fairmount Avenue, San Leandro, 510-481-4141.
- 2. 12 through 17 years old: Alta Bates Adolescent Services, Herrick Campus, 2001 Dwight Way, Berkeley, 510-204-4405 or 510-204-4546.

(b) Contra Costa County

- 1. Contra Costa County Regional Center, 2500 Alhambra Avenue, Martinez, 925-370-5000.
- Mount Diablo Hospital, 2540 East Street, Concord, 925-674-2333.

(c) San Francisco County

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- Child Crisis Services, 3801 3rd Street, Suite # 400 UCSF Benioff Mission Bay, 1975 4th Street, San Francisco, 415-476-1000 970-3800. Call for pick-up arrangements.
- 2. If juvenile is violent or aggressive, transport to San Francisco County General Hospital, 1001 Potrero Street, San Francisco, 415-206-8000.

(d) San Mateo County

- 1. North County "Peninsula Hospital, 1783 El Camino Real, Burlingame, 650-696-5170.
- 2. South County "San Mateo Medical Center, 222 West 39th Avenue, San Mateo, 650-573-2662.

(e) Santa Clara County

- 1. <u>County Crisis Stabilization Unit "Uplift Family Services" 251 Llewellyn Avenue, Campbell, 408-379-3790 or 877-415-7474</u>
- 2. For violent subjects Don Lowe Pavilion, 871 Enborg Court, San Jose, 408-885-6100

418.9 CRIMINAL OFFENSES

Officers investigating an individual who is suspected of committing a minor criminal offense and who is being taken on a 5150 commitment should resolve the criminal matter by issuing a warning or a Notice to Appear as appropriate.

When an individual who may qualify for a 5150 commitment has committed a serious criminal offense that would normally result in an arrest and transfer to a jail facility, the officer should:

- (a) Arrest the individual when there is probable cause to do so.
- (b) Notify the appropriate supervisor of the facts supporting the arrest and the facts that would support the 5150 commitment.
- (c) Facilitate the individual's transfer to jail.
- (d) Thoroughly document in the related reports the circumstances that indicate the individual may qualify for a 5150 commitment.

In the supervisor's judgment, the individual may instead be arrested or booked and transported to the appropriate mental health facility. The supervisor should consider the seriousness of the offense, the treatment options available, the ability of this department to regain custody of the individual, department resources (e.g., posting a guard) and other relevant factors in making this decision.

418.9.1 INTERVIEWS & INTERROGATIONS

Members will afford every individual investigated, interviewed, or interrogated their constitutional rights. An individual's constitutional rights are not diminished because of his/her mental illness.

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When administering the Miranda warnings, members should make every effort to determine the extent to which the person's illness, or the psychotropic medication that he or she is taking to treat the illness, impairs his/her ability to comprehend and give informed consent.

When members doubt a person's capacity to understand his/her rights, they will ask the person to explain each of the Miranda warnings in his/her own words and make a record of the person's explanations. If the member believes that the person does not have an understanding of his/her rights, questioning of the person related to the criminal investigation should cease.

418.10 FIREARMS AND OTHER WEAPONS

Whenever a person is taken into custody for a 5150 commitment, the handling officers should seek to determine if the person owns or has access to any firearm or other deadly weapon defined in Welfare and Institutions Code § 8100. Officers should consider whether it is appropriate and consistent with current search and seizure law under the circumstances to seize any such firearms or other dangerous weapons (e.g., safekeeping, evidence, consent).

Officers are cautioned that a search warrant may be needed before entering a residence or other place to search, unless lawful, warrantless entry has already been made (e.g., exigent circumstances, consent). A search warrant may also be needed before searching for or seizing weapons

The handling officers shall issue a receipt describing the deadly weapon or any firearm seized, and list any serial number or other identification that is on the firearm. Officers shall advise the person of the procedure for the return of any firearm or other weapon that has been taken into custody (Welfare and Institutions Code § 8102 (b)) (see Property and Evidence Policy).

418.10.1 PETITION FOR RETURN OF FIREARMS AND OTHER WEAPONS

Whenever the handling officer has cause to believe that the future return of any confiscated weapon might endanger the person or others, the officer shall detail those facts and circumstances in a report. The report shall be forwarded to the Criminal Investigations Division, which shall be responsible for initiating a petition to the Superior Court for a hearing in accordance with Welfare and Institutions Code § 8102(c), to determine whether the weapon will be returned.

The petition to the Superior Court shall be initiated within 30 days of the release of the individual from whom such weapon has been confiscated, unless the Department makes an ex parte application to the court to extend the time to file such a petition, up to a maximum of 60 days. At the time any such petition is initiated, the Department shall send written notice to the individual informing him/her of the right to a hearing on the issue, that he/she has 30 days to confirm with the court clerk any desire for a hearing and that the failure to do so will result in the forfeiture of any confiscated weapon.

418.11 TRAINING

This department will endeavor to provide Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST)-approved advanced officer training on interaction with persons with mental disabilities, 5150 commitments and crisis intervention.

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